

Objectives

- Learners will distinguish the difference between explicit (conscious) and implicit (unconscious) bias
- Learners will be able to identify subtle acts of exclusion and the impact on health care
- Learners will examine the development of 6 focus areas and the impact on the organization's practice, policies, and structure
- Learners will evaluate an agency's organizational practice/policies and the effect on employees and patient care



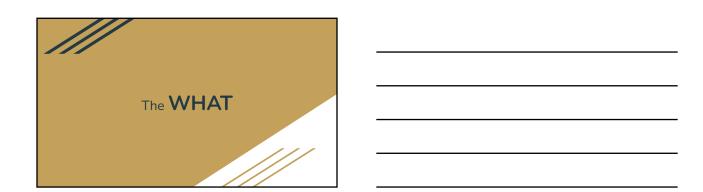








		Populatio	n in 2020	
Characteristics	Patients (%)	Employees (%)	Board (%)	Community (%)
Male	49	11	46	49
Female	51	89	54	51
Native American	0.3	0.8	0	NA
Asian	1.7	0.8	0	NA
Black or AA	8.6	13	4	12
Hispanic/Latino	2.3	3.4	0	10
Caucasian	86.1	79.3	96	68
Biracial/Multiracial	NA	2.7	NA	5



Explicit (Conscious) and Implicit (Unconscious) Bias

Explicit

Is the traditional idea of bias. Individuals are conscious of their prejudice and awareness towards certain group

Explicit social bias involves attitudes, beliefs & knowledge and we have the ability to resist social stereotype thinking

Implicit

Is the involuntary attitude that influences an individual's perception for a group or person

Implicit social bias is an automatic or negative preference for a group based on one's unconscious thoughts (understanding Bias) ref 6



Microaggression

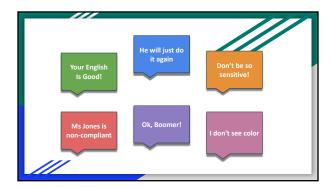
For Microaggression there is a break down of 3 different types:

- Microinsults: rude, subtle, insensitive comments
- Microassaults: behaviors that intentionally harm–(some define this as with intent)
- Microinvalidation: ignore or invalidate the experiences or identity of people from a marginalized group

Subtle Acts of Exclusion (SAE)

- Both of these acts are not small and can contribute to normalizing exclusion in our workplace
- The words or actions of these acts spring from our explicit or implicit bias
- It can take many forms from exaggerate stereotypes to backhanded compliments, objectication, and they can be subtle and damaging to your coworkers or patients





Workplace	Patient Care
Individual work Organizational Health Physical Health Psychological health	Dismissal of symptoms Inferior medical services Less aggressive preventive care



What was our FOCUS?

- 1. Patient Care
- 2. Business Practices
- Staff and Management Education
 Internal & External Communication
 Recruitment Practices
 Board Leadership
 Gender Inclusion







Business Practices

What we are doing

- Developed a statement and policy on focusing our practices to help support and promote the fairness and inclusiveness with working with vendors of diversity. We share this policy with our vendors
- We reached out to our current vendors to ask about their DEI policies
- We have attended expos and chamber of commerces to look for opportunities to find more diverse suppliers/vendors.
- Ensuring financial operation policies regarding patients & families do not include bias language

Staff & Management Education

Surveys

- At work I feel comfortable being myself?
- If I raised a concern about ethics & integrity, I am confident my employer would do what is right?
- Everyone at this company is treated fairly regardless of their differences?
- My company treasures diverse opinions & ideas?



Internal & External Communication Checklist: 2 definition of the communication of the commun

Recruitment Practices

We focused on our website showing our commitment to inclusion.



We took a hard look at where we were recruiting prospective employees.

We revised our hiring process to align with a multigenerational workforce.

DIVERSITY

We focused on building relationships with local nursing programs.

Board Leadership

RESPECT is a Guiding Principle

The Boards of Kansas City Hospice & Palliative Care accept, value, and celebrate the worth of all persons. To that end, we individually and collectively piedge to create and implement diversity, equity and inclusion strategies that identify and welcome members who represent cultures, ethniciles and demographics reflective of the communities we serve. This will allow us to have a wider spectrum of ideas and viewpoints when providing governance and strategic oversight for the organization. Our unwavering commitment to diversity, equity and inclusion defines us, binds us, and is fundamental to our excellence and success.

- Focus on the diversity of our Board Board Members are engaged in gender inclusion training Ongoing educational classes provided to them on DEI sub Ongoing support of the DEI group

Gender Inclusion

- Employee, board, and community workshops on Gender Inclusion Care
- Ongoing education to staff on gender inclusion verbiage for patients and employees
- Developing a grief support group for LGBTQ+ families
- Encourage proper pronouns for employees/patients/families



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	Population in 2023			
Characteristics	Patients (%)	Employees (%)	Board (%)	Community (%)
Male	49	9.7	52	48.5
Female	51	90	48	51.5
Non-binary	0	0.3	0	NA
Native American	1.6	0.6	0	0.6
Asian	1.7	1.1	0	3.1
Black or AA	8.6	11.4	14	12.0
Hispanic/Latino	2.6	4.4	0	10.5
Caucasian	83.9	79.8	86	70.9
Biracial/Multiracial	1.6 (unk)	2.8	0	2.8

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	The Conclusion

Five Take Away Points

- 1. This has to be an ongoing commitment. The social climate is ever changing. Be engaged and aware.
- 2. Ongoing education is important to dissect the impact of bias and SAE in healthcare and the workforce.
- 3. Do not fall into a trap of "cookie cutter" education and policies. Evolve. Be aware of cultural humility.
- ${\it 4.} \quad {\it The impact has to align with the agency's focus areas and structure.}$
- 5. Provide a safe space to celebrate the victories and the failures.

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We don't just accept differences—we celebrate them, we support them, and we thrive on them for the benefit of our employees, our patients, and our community

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